

AMERICAN COLONIAL WARS
An Annotated Bibliography



**THE SOCIETY OF COLONIAL WARS
IN THE STATE OF ILLINOIS**

©

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1982

Prepared by
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FOREWORD

This new bibliography of American Colonial Wars has been prepared for the Illinois Society by Strother E. Roberts, David Keenan and David A. Davidson. They were asked to update the collection of works compiled by John Leland Williams for the Illinois Society back in 1982 and to include the historiography of the past twenty-five years. As a consequence, very few titles published prior to 1982 have been added to this expanded annotated bibliography.

The exceptions occur where the scope of the original bibliography was expanded. To reflect the present emphasis on comparative studies within the field of history, it was chosen to broaden the horizons of colonial history to include demographic groups and geographical regions neglected in the previous list. This is not intended as a criticism of that first work. The 1982 annotated bibliography reflected almost a century of historical works more focused on the grand narrative of American society than on the varied experiences of its diverse members, or even on colonial America's relationship with the broader world of which it was a part. The expanded annotated bibliography, likewise, is a reflection of its times and will likely seem incomplete and neglectful to a generation of scholars who may read it twenty-five years from now.

That being said, Messrs. Roberts, Keenan and Davidson made this current bibliography as complete as possible, while still maintaining its length to manageable limits. They have compiled a blend of historical works both narrowly academic and broadly popular. They have captured the present historical fascination with the "Atlantic World" by including works that firmly place the wars of colonial America within the international context of political and economic systems that stretched from Western Europe, to Western Africa, to the eastern coasts of North America. To balance out the previous work's focus on British America, they have included sections devoted to works which deal primarily with the French in Canada, with the Spanish in the West, and with all of the major imperial powers in the Caribbean Sea. Likewise, they have included works on the short-lived and often overlooked American colonies of Sweden and of the Dutch. They have also placed a new emphasis upon the lives and the experiences of Native Americans and African-Americans, a facet of colonial history largely overlooked by the 1982 bibliography.

It is the hope of the Illinois Society that all of the works contained in the 2007 annotated bibliography "American Colonial Wars" will provide a broad context for understanding the lives of ordinary colonial Americans, whether they lived out their lives in war or in peace. Most importantly, it is the hope of the Illinois Society that this new bibliography will prove useful to our members and the general reader.

Robert Earl Allen
Governor, Illinois Society of Colonial Wars

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Throughout this bibliography:

* denotes an entry included in the original 1982 bibliography

† denotes an entry new updated and expanded 2007 bibliography

COMPARATIVE AND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIES OF THE ATLANTIC WORLD

Anderson, Fred, and Andrew R. L. Cayton. *The Dominion of War: Empire and Liberty in North America, 1500-2000*. New York: Viking, 2005. †

Cañizares-Esguerra, Jorge. *Puritan Conquistadors: Iberianizing the Atlantic, 1550-1700*. Stanford, Calif: Stanford University Press, 2006. †

Uses sixteenth- and seventeenth-century religious works of art and literature to explore the similarity between Spanish and English attitudes towards the New World and its place within Christian cosmology.

Daniels, Christine and Michael V. Kennedy. *Negotiated Empires: Centers and Peripheries in the Americas, 1500-1820*. New York: Routledge, 2002. †

Elliott, John Huxtable. *Empires of the Atlantic World: Britain and Spain in America, 1492-1830*. New Haven: Yale University Press, 2006. †

Mann, Charles C. *1491: New Revelations of the Americas before Columbus*. New York: Knopf, 2005. †

McNeill, John Robert. *Atlantic Empires of France and Spain: Louisbourg and Havana, 1700-1763*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1985. †

Smolenski, John and Humphrey, Thomas J. *New World Orders: Violence, Sanction, and Authority in the Colonial Americas*. Early American Studies. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2005. †

Taylor, Alan. *American Colonies*. The Penguin History of the United States. New York: Viking, 2001. †

Possibly the best synthetic work available on the history of European colonization of North America, from early European exploration to the American Revolution. Covers all of the major and minor European powers as well as the Native American peoples whom they encountered during their conquest of the continent.

Stein, Stanley J. and Stein, Barbara H. *Silver, Trade, and War: Spain and America in the Making of Early Modern Europe*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2000. †

GENERAL ACCOUNTS OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

Bonomi, Patricia U. *Under the Cope of Heaven: Religion, Society, and Politics in Colonial America*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1986. †

Breen, T. H. Hall, Timothy D. *Colonial America in an Atlantic World : A Story of Creative Interaction*. New York: Pearson/Longman, 2004. †

Buck, Solon J., and Buck, Elizabeth H. *The Planting of Civilization in Western Pennsylvania*. Pittsburgh, 1939.*

Clark, Charles E. *The Eastern Frontier: The Settlement of Northern New England, 1610-1763*. New York, 1970.*

Colley, Linda. *Captives*. New York: Pantheon Books, 2002. †

Presents a wide array of captivity narratives from ordinary Britons captured by foreign powers in conflicts that spanned the frontiers of the far-flung eighteenth-century British Empire.

Cook, Roy Bird. "Virginia Frontier Defenses, 1719-1795," *West Virginia History*, I (January 1940), 119-130.*

Corry, John Pitts. *Indian Affairs in Georgia, 1732-1756*. Philadelphia, 1936.*

This book traces the part played by Georgia in the triangular rivalry of France, England and Spain. It makes clear the role of the Indians in this conflict, both as friends in trade and allies or enemies in war.

Crane, Verner W. *The Southern Frontier, 1670-1732*. Durham, 1928.*

An admirable study that stresses the importance of the Anglo-French rivalry for the control of the southeast and provides a detailed analytical study of Indian affairs on the southern frontier.

Drake, Samuel Adams. *The Border Wars of New England*. New York, 1897.*

Ferling, John E. *A Wilderness of Miseries: War and Warriors in Early America*. Westport, CT, 1980.*

This study is divided into two parts. The first deals with the nature of war in early America. It endeavors to compare conflict in America with contemporary European warfare, to investigate native American fighting methods and compares them to those of the settlers and the European professional armies. The second part scrutinizes the colonial experience of warfare and attempts to show how the conflict that became endemic to the colonists affected their attitude toward war and warriors.

Fox, Dixon Ryan. *Yankees and Yorkers*. New York, 1940.*

Gallay, Alan. *Colonial Wars of North America, 1512-1763: An Encyclopedia*. Garland Reference Library of the Humanities ; v. 1245.; Military History of the United States ; v. 5. New York: Garland, 1996. †

Gipson, Lawrence Henry. *The British Empire before the American Revolution*. 15 vols. Caldwell, Idaho, and New York, 1936-1970.*

Graham, Gerald S. *Empire of the North Atlantic: The Maritime Struggle for North America*. Toronto, 1950.*

A detailed, scholarly study and one of the few to deal with the importance of naval warfare during the early colonial period. Graham's argument that Britain's triumph over France and Spain is ultimately attributable to British naval superiority is compelling.

- Griffin, Patrick. *The People with no Name: Ireland's Ulster Scots, America's Scots Irish, and the Creation of a British Atlantic World, 1689-1764*. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 2001. †
- Hinderaker, Eric and Mancall, Peter C. *At the Edge of Empire: The Backcountry in British North America*. Regional Perspectives on Early America. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 2003. †
- Ivers, Larry E. *Colonial Forts of South Carolina, 1670-1775*. Columbia, 1970. *
- Jennings, Francis. *The Invasion of America: Indians, Colonialism, and the Cant Of Conquest*. Chapel Hill, 1975. *
- This study is a response to the work of Alden Vaughan. Jennings stresses the incompatibility of Puritan and native cultures and is particularly critical of the Puritans' intolerance of Indian ways of life.
- Koistinen, Paul A. C. *Beating Plowshares into Swords: The Political Economy of American Warfare, 1606-1865*. Lawrence, KS: University Press of Kansas, 1996. †
- Leach, Douglas Edward. *The Northern Colonial Frontier, 1607-1763*. (Histories of the American Frontier Series). New York, 1966. *
- Though Leach's emphasis is on the nature of frontier settlement in early America, he devotes significant attention to the problem of war. He fails, however, to analyze adequately the effects of war on community development and civilian life.
- Leach, Douglas Edward. *Arms for Empire: A Military History of the British Colonies in North America, 1607-1763*. New York, 1973. *
- The best general study of American military history prior to the Revolution. Broad in scope, yet detailed, this work analyzes the development of an American military tradition and seeks to interpret that development with the larger context of European colonization and the concerns of the nations contending for predominance in the New World.
- Lee, Enoch Lawrence. *Indian Wars in North Carolina, 1663-1763*. Raleigh, 1963. *
- Matson, Cathy D. *Merchants & Empire: Trading in Colonial New York*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1998. †
- McLennan, J.S. *Louisbourg from its Foundation to Its Fall*. London, 1918. *
- Pares, Richard. *War and Trade in the West Indies, 1739-1763*. New York, 1936. *
- Pares, Richard. "American Versus Continental Warfare, 1739-1763," *English Historical Review*, LI (July 1936) 429-465. *

Parkman, Francis. *France and England in North America*. 9 vols. Boston, 1865-1892. *

Parkman has been justifiably, though perhaps too harshly, criticized by recent scholars for relying too heavily on French sources and for sacrificing historical accuracy for the sake of dramatic effect. Nevertheless, Parkman's research did break new ground and all subsequent studies of the colonial wars grow out of his work. Moreover, no one has yet been able to match the excitement and color that flows from Parkman's prose.

Peckham, Howard. *The Colonial Wars, 1689-1762*. Chicago, 1964. *

Peckham's point of departure is the absence of a deep-rooted military tradition in colonial America and the consequent aversion to military discipline and authority. While he relies too heavily on Fredrick Jackson Turner's thesis of the democratizing influence of the frontier, Peckham provides a succinct and readable account of the colonial wars. He stresses the demands of resourcefulness, repeated experience of self-government and the atmosphere of freedom in early America. He argues that the effect of these currents might have been fragmented had there been no colonial wars to call the colonies together in common effort.

Pencak, William. *War, Politics and Revolution in Provincial Massachusetts*. Boston, 1981. *

A provocative and convincing analysis of the influence of war on eighteenth-century Massachusetts politics. Pencak argues that the wars of the colonial period intensified the impact of the central government on ordinary citizens and severely circumscribed a loyal opposition's ability to reconcile patriotism and criticism. The social and economic disorder wrought by war, however, led to a resurgence of political criticism and ultimately ensured that the Revolution would be radical, not conservative.

Penhallow, Samuel. *The History of the Wars of New England with the Eastern Indians*. (Reprinted in the Collection of the New Hampshire Historical Society, I). Concord, 1824, 14-133. *

Phillips, Kevin P. *The Cousins' Wars: Religion, Politics, and the Triumph of Anglo-America*. New York, N.Y: Basic Books, 1999. †

Traces the development of Anglo-American identity and culture in the crucible of fratricidal violence from the English Civil War of the 1640s through the American Revolution and up to the American Civil War.

Segal, Charles M., and Stineback, David C. *Puritans, Indians and Manifest Destiny*. New York, 1977. *

Sylvester, Herbert M. *Indian Wars of New England*. 3 vols. Boston, 1910-1915. *

Ver Steeg, Clarence L. *The Formative Years, 1607-1763*. New York, Hill & Wang, 1964. †

Williams, T. Harry. *The History of American Wars, 1745-1918*. New York, 1981. *

Wright, James Leitch. *Anglo-Spanish Rivalry in North America*. Athens, Ga., 1971.*

WARS PRIOR TO 1676

Bradstreet, Howard. *The Story of the War with the Pequots Retold*. New Haven, 1933.*

Bremer, Francis J. *Puritan Crisis: New England and the English Civil Wars, 1630-1670*. New York: Garland, 1989.†

Bushnell, David. "The Treatment of the Indians in Plymouth Colony," *New England Quarterly*, XXVI (June 1953), 193-218.*

Cave, Alfred A. *The Pequot War*. Amherst: University of Massachusetts Press, 1996.†

Craven, Wesley Frank. "Indian Policy in Early Virginia," *William and Mary Quarterly* Ser. 3 | # 1 (January 1944), 65-82.*

Drake, James David. *King Philip's War: Civil War in New England, 1675-1676*. Amherst, Mass: University of Massachusetts Press, 1999.†

Eisinger, Chester E. "The Puritans' Justification for Taking the Land," *Essex Institute Historical Collections*, LXXXIV (April 1948), 131-143.*

Eisinger provides a compelling analysis of the Puritan rationalization for displacing the Indians. He argues that they based their justification on two premises: Indians possessed American land only by a natural right which was not valid; and the Christian doctrine that man go forth and occupy the earth. Eisinger concludes that Puritans developed elaborate justifications for taking land, despite their wealth and power, because they were motivated by both the desire to present a sound colonial scheme that would attract settlers and by a sense of moral integrity.

Jones, J. R. *The Anglo-Dutch Wars of the Seventeenth Century*. London: Longman, 1996.†

Kawashima, Yasuhide. *Igniting King Philip's War: The John Sassamon Murder Trial*. Landmark Law Cases & American Society. Lawrence, Kan: University Press of Kansas, 2001.†

Kregier, Martin. "Journal of the Esopus War," in E. B. O'Callaghan and B. Fernow, eds., *Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York* 15 vols.; Albany, 1856-1887, XIII, 323-354.*

Lepore, Jill. *The Name of War: King Philip's War and the Origins of American Identity*. New York: Knopf, 1998.†

Melvoyn, Richard I. *New England Outpost: War and Society in Colonial Deerfield*. 1st ed. New York: Norton, 1989.†

MacDonald, M. A. *Fortune & La Tour: The Civil War in Acadia*. Toronto; New York: Methuen, 1983. †

Orr, Charles. *History of the Pequot War*. Cleveland, 1897. *

Pestana, Carla Gardina. *The English Atlantic in an Age of Revolution, 1640–1661*. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2004. †

Philbrick, Nathaniel. *Mayflower: A Story of Courage, Community, and War*. New York: Viking, 2006. †

Powell, William S. "Aftermath of the Massacre: The First Indian War, 1622-1632," *Virginia Magazine of History and Biography*, LXVI (January 1958), 44-75. *

A thoroughly researched and vivid account of how Virginia's first settlers responded to the ravages of war. Powell devotes particular attention to the development of permanent solutions to problems of defense encountered by the colonists. He focuses on the Privy Council, legislation, and organization.

Puglisi, Michael J. *Puritans Besieged: The Legacies of King Philip's War in the Massachusetts Bay Colony*. Lanham, MD: University Press of America, 1991. †

Vaughan, Alden T. "Pequots and Puritans: The Causes of the War of 1637," *William and Mary Quarterly* Ser. 3 XXI # 2 (April 1964), 256-269. *

Vaughan questions the two prevailing interpretations of the Pequot War. Historians have viewed the hostilities as either a defensive war waged by Puritans against the savage Pequots or the result of aggressive land grabbing by the English. Vaughan sees the conflict as stemming from competing claims of authority in the region and takes "consolation that the blame lies somewhat more heavily upon the Pequots than the Puritans." This analysis, though provocative, is far from convincing.

Vaughan, Alden T. *New England Frontier: Puritans and Indians, 1620-1675*. Boston, 1965. *

Vaughan's main interest is Puritan culture. As a result he tends to accept uncritically Puritan accounts of Indians and emphasizes the colonists' missionary efforts to the Indians. One should read the work of Francis Jennings for a different perspective on the same subject.

Washburn, Wilcomb E. "Governor Berkeley and King Phillip's War," *New England Quarterly*, XXX (September 1957), 363-377. *

An intriguing piece of work. Washburn demonstrates the similarity of Governor Berkeley's impression of King Phillip's War and Governor Winthrop's impression of the Virginia Indian War of 1644. Both saw "the hand of God applied to □hastise the pride of man." One expects this kind of analysis from a pious New Englander like Winthrop, but that the royal governor of Virginia held similar beliefs is revealing of the common background of all early Americans.

Washburn, Wilcomb E. *The Governor and the Rebel: A History of Bacon's Rebellion in Virginia*. Chapel Hill, 1957.*

Washburn challenges the traditional interpretation of Bacon's Rebellion as exemplified by Wertenbaker (see below). Rather than view the rebellion as a precursor to the American Revolution – a struggle between oppressed and oppressor – Washburn argues that the conflict stemmed from conflicting Indian policies and the aggressiveness of frontier settlers.

Webb, Stephen Saunders. *1676, the End of American Independence*. New York: Knopf, 1984.†

Wertenbaker, Thomas Jefferson. *Torchbearer of the Revolution: The Story of Bacon's Rebellion and Its Leader*. Princeton, 1940.*

Wertenbaker views the rebellion as a democratic reform movement and portrays Bacon as "a champion of the weak."

Wiseman, Samuel. Oberg, Michael Leroy. *Samuel Wiseman's Book of Record: The Official Account of Bacon's Rebellion in Virginia*. Lanham, Md: Lexington Books, 2005.†

A collection of primary sources consisting primarily of the Royal Privy Council's official report to the English Crown relating the findings of its investigation into the causes and effects of the rebellion. This report provides a compelling narrative of the insurrection, but is often interrupted by legal and political minutiae that may prove distracting to the lay-reader.

THE GLORIOUS REVOLUTION, 1688-1691

Lovejoy, David S. *The Glorious Revolution in America*. 1st ed. Ed. New York: Harper & Row, 1972.†

Reich, Jerome R. *Leisler's Rebellion: A Study of Democracy in New York, 1664-1720*. Chicago, 1953.*

Webb, Stephen Saunders. *Lord Churchill's Coup: The Anglo-American Empire and the Glorious Revolution Reconsidered*. 1st ed. New York: Knopf: distributed by Random House, 1995.†

KING WILLIAM'S WAR, 1689-1697 (WAR OF THE GRAND ALLIANCE)

Bennett, C. E. "The Burning of Schenectady," *New York History*, XIII (October 1932), 413-429.*

Biggar, H. P. "Frontenac's Projected Attempt on New York in 1689," *New York Historical Association Quarterly Journal*, V (April 1924), 139-147.*

Broshar, Helen. "The First Push Westward of the Albany Traders," *Mississippi Valley Historical Review*, VII (December 1920), 228-241.*

Church, Benjamin. *The History of the Eastern Expeditions of 1689, 1690, 1692, 1696, and 1704 against the Indians and French*. ed. Henry Martyn Dexter. Boston, 1867.*

Eccles, W. J. "Frontenac's Military Policies, 1689-1698: A Reassessment," *Canadian Historical Review*, XXXVII (September 1956), 201-224.*

A reevaluation of the Canadian hero of King William's War. Eccles argues that Frontenac was a mediocre military commander and that throughout the war his vanity and interests in the fur trade influenced his policies.

Ehrman, John. *The Navy in the War of William III, 1689-1697: Its State and Direction*. Cambridge, 1953.*

Leach, Douglas Edward. *Roots of Conflict: British Armed Forces and Colonial Americans, 1677-1763*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 1986.†

Ritchie, Robert C. *Captain Kidd and the War Against the Pirates*. Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press, 1986.†

Selden, George B. "The Expedition of the Marquis de Denonville against the Seneca Indians: 1687," *Rochester Historical Society Publication Fund Series*, IV (1925), 1-82.*

Walley, John. "Major Walley's Journal in the Expedition against Canada in 1690," in Thomas Hutchinson, *The History of the Colony and Province of Massachusetts Bay*, ed. Lawrence Shaw Mayo (3 vols.; Cambridge 1936), I, 459-467.*

QUEEN ANNE'S WAR, 1702-1713 (WAR OF THE SPANISH SUCCESSION)

Arnade, Charles W. "The English Invasion of Spanish Florida, 1700-1706," *Florida Historical Quarterly*, XLI (July 1962), 29-37.*

Barnwell, John. "The Tuscarora Expedition: Letters of Colonel John Barnwell," *South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine*, IX (1908), 28-54.*

Barnwell, John "The Second Tuscarora Expedition," *South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine*, X (January 1909), 33-48.*

Bond, Richmond P. *Queen Anne's American Kings*. Oxford, 1952.*

Demos, John. *The Unredeemed Captive: A Family Story from Early America*. New York: Alfred Knopf: Distributed by Random House, Inc, 1994. †

The life story of Eunice Williams, the daughter of Puritan minister John Williams, who was taken captive and adopted by Mohawk Indians as a child. Throughout her life Williams refused attempts by her father to bring her back to Massachusetts; converting to Catholicism and embracing her life among the Mohawks.

Haefeli, Evan, and Kevin Sweeney. *Captors and Captives : The 1704 French and Indian Raid on Deerfield*. Amherst: University of Massachusetts Press, 2003. †

Haefeli, Evan, and Kevin Sweeney. *Captive Histories : English, French, and Native Narratives of the 1704 Deerfield Raid*. Amherst: University of Massachusetts Press, 2006. †

McCully, Bruce T. "Catastrophe in the Wilderness: New Light on the Canada Expedition of 1709," *William and Mary Quarterly* Ser. 3 XI #3 (July 1954), 440-456. *

McCully revises Parkman's and others' interpretations of the failure of Robert Livingston's Canadian expedition. Most historians have attributed the disaster to the spread of disease among soldiers resulting from unhygienic camp conditions. Using new sources, McCully argues that defects in personnel, morale and supply were more important causes.

Morgan, William Thomas. "The Five Nations and Queen Anne," *Mississippi Valley Historical Review*, XIII (September 1926), 169-189. *

Waller, G. M. "New York's Role in Queen Anne's War, 1702-1713," *New York History*, XXXIII (January 1952), 40-53. *

New York has been generally criticized for its failure to aid the New England colonies in Queen Anne's War. Waller attempts to refute this view by demonstrating both New York's importance as a buffer for the southern colonies and the impracticality of sending men to the north.

KING GEORGE'S WAR, 1739-1748 (WAR OF JENKINS' EAR/WAR OF THE AUSTRIAN SUCCESSION)

Berkeley, Francis L., Jr. "The War of Jenkins' Ear," in Darrett B. Rutman, ed. *The Old Dominion: Essays for Thomas Perkins Abernethy* (Charlottesville, 1964), 41-61. *

Burrage, Henry S. *Maine at Louisbourg, 1745*. Augusta, 1910. *

Buffinton, Arthur H. "The Canadian Expedition of 1746: Its Relation to British Politics," *American Historical Review*, XLV (April 1940), 552-580. *

Caldwell, Norman W. "The Southern Frontier during King George's War," *Journal of Southern History*, VII (February 1941), 37-54.*

This article emphasizes the rivalry of the English and French in the southern region during King George's War and brings out the role of the several Indian nations in this struggle. Caldwell concludes that by the end of the war the English had discredited themselves and the French were more strongly entrenched in the South than ever before.

Chapin, Howard M. *Privateering in King George's War, 1739-1748*. Providence, 1928.*

Craft, Benjamin. "Craft's Journal of the Siege of Louisbourg," *Essex Institute Historical Collections*, VI (October 1864), 181-194.*

De Forest, Louis Effingham, ed. *Louisbourg Journals, 1745*. New York, 1932.*

Downey, Fairfax. *Louisbourg: Key to a Continent*. Englewood Cliffs, 1965.*

A traditional military history of the French fort at Louisbourg and the two British attacks upon it. While Downey is correct in his assessment of the hindrance of trade caused by the fort's strategic location, he fails to place it in the context of the larger struggle between France and England for control of North America.

Eckstrom, Fannie Hardy. "The Attack on Narridgewock: 1724," *New England Quarterly*, VII (September 1934), 541-578.*

Foote, William A. "The Pennsylvania Men of the American Regiment," *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography*, LXXXVII (January 1963), 31-38.*

Giddings, Daniel. "Journal Kept by Lieut. Daniel Giddings of Ipswich during the Expedition against Cape Breton in 1744-1745," *Essex Institute Historical Collections*, XLVIII (October 1912), 293-304.*

Gwyn, Julian. *An Admiral for America: Sir Peter Warren, Vice Admiral of the Red, 1703-1752*. Gainesville: University Press of Florida, 2004.†

Gundersen, Joan R. *To Be Useful to the World: Women in Revolutionary America, 1740-1790*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2006.†

Harkness, Albert, Jr. "Americanism and Jenkins' Ear," *Mississippi Valley Historical Review*, XXXVII (June 1950), 61-90.*

Ivers, Larry E. *British Drums on the Southern Frontier: The Military Colonization of Georgia, 1733-1749*. Chapel Hill, 1974.*

A military study of the southern colonial frontier during the colonization of Georgia and the War of Jenkins' Ear. The emphasis is on southern frontier politics, Indian diplomacy and military campaigns from the British colonial viewpoint. A large part of the study is concerned with soldiers' personalities, assigned tasks, efficiency and life on campaign and in garrison.

- Lanning, John Tate. "The American Colonies in the Preliminaries of the War of Jenkins' Ear," *Georgia Historical Quarterly*, XI (June 1927), 129-155.*
- Lanning, John Tate. "American Participation in the War of Jenkins' Ear," *Georgia Historical Quarterly* (September 1927), 191-215.*
- Leach, Douglas Edward. "Brothers in Arms? Anglo-American Friction at Louisbourg, 1745-1746," *Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society*, 89 (1977), 36-54.*
- Parkman, Francis. *A Half-Century of Conflict*. 2 vols. Boston, 1892.*
- Pepperell, William. "The Journal of Sir William Pepperell Kept during the Expedition against Louisbourg, March 24 - August 22, 1745," in *American Antiquarian Society Proceedings New Series*, XX (1909-1910), 139-176.*
- Pritchard, James S. *Anatomy of a Naval Disaster: The 1746 French Naval Expedition to North America*. Montreal; Buffalo: McGill-Queen's University Press, 1995.†
- Rediker, Marcus. *Villains of All Nations: Atlantic Pirates in the Golden Age*. Boston: Beacon Press, 2004.†
- Reese, Trevor R. "British Military Support of Georgia in the War of 1739-1748," *Georgia Historical Quarterly* XLIII (March 1959), 1-10.*
- Richmond, Herbert W. *The Navy in the War of 1739-1748*. 3 vols. Cambridge, 1920.*
- Rowlyk, G. A. *Yankees at Louisbourg*. Orono, 1967.*
- Sosin, Jack M. "Louisbourg and the Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle," *William and Mary Quarterly* Ser. 3 XIV # 4 (October 1957), 516-535.*
 Sosin assesses the importance of Louisbourg in determining the balance of power in Europe. He concludes that England, by its capture of the American fortress, gained the means of temporarily offsetting French military supremacy.
- Swanson, Carl E. *Predators and Prizes: American Privateering and Imperial Warfare, 1739-1748*. Studies in Maritime History. Columbia, S.C: University of South Carolina Press, 1991.†
- Wainwright, Nicholas. "George Croghan and the Indian Uprising of 1747," *Pennsylvania History*, XXI (January 1954), 21-31.*

Wall, Robert Emmet, Jr. "Louisbourg, 1745," *New England Quarterly*, XXXVII (March 1964), 64-83. *

Historians have long considered Louisbourg the strongest and most formidable North American fortress of the eighteenth century. Consequently the capture of Louisbourg by a small group of unorganized colonial militia in 1745 is held up as one of the great events in American military history. Wall separates legend from fact. He demonstrates that the fort at Louisbourg was, in reality, weakly constructed, poorly located and virtually indefensible. He concludes, therefore, that the American victory there in 1745 was no great feat.

THE FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR, 1754-1763 (THE SEVEN YEARS' WAR)

Abbot, Raymond. "Braddock's War Supplies and Dunbar's Camp," *Western Pennsylvania Historical Magazine*, XVII (March 1934), 49-52. *

Amherst, Jeffrey. *The Journal of Jeffrey Amherst, Recording the Military Career of General Amherst in America from 1758 to 1763*. ed. J. Clarence Webster, Chicago, 1931. *

Anderson, Fred. *The War that Made America: A Short History of the French and Indian War*. New York: Viking, 2005. †

Anderson, Fred. *Crucible of War: The Seven Years' War and the Fate of Empire in British North America, 1754-1766*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 2000. †

Anderson, Fred. *A People's Army: Massachusetts Soldiers and Society in the Seven Years' War*. Chapel Hill: Published for the Institute of Early American History and Culture, Williamsburg, Va., by the University of North Carolina Press, 1984. †

Baker-Crothers, Hayes. *Virginia and the French and Indian War*. Chicago, 1928. *

Baker-Crothers, Hayes, and Hudnut, Ruth A. "A Private Soldier's Account of Washington's First Battles in the West: A Study in Historical Criticism," *Journal of Southern History*, VIII (February 1942), 23-62. *

Bass, Benjamin. "An Account of the Capture of Fort Frontenac by the Detachment under the Command of Col. Bradstreet," *New York History*, XVI (October 1935), 449-451. *

Bolling, John. "A Private Report of General Braddock's Defeat," ed. John A. Schutz. *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography*, LXXIX (July 1955), 374-377. *

Borneman, Walter R. *The French and Indian War: Deciding the Fate of North America*. New York: Harper Collins Publishing, 2006. †

Brumwell, Stephen. *Redcoats: The British Soldier and War in the Americas, 1755-1763*. Cambridge ; New York: Cambridge University Press, 2002. †

- Brumwell, Stephen. *White Devil: A True Story of War, Savagery, and Vengeance in Colonial America*. 1st Da Capo Press ed. Cambridge, MA: Da Capo Press, 2005. †
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